of the state government has become a model among the states. December 2, 1922, the friends of Mr. Butler gathered to a dinner in honor of his service. The speeches made on this occasion were gathered into a pamphlet entitled Testimonial to Amos W. Butler.

Indiana a Century Ago is the title of an address by Everett Sanders, representative in Congress from the Fifth Indiana district, delivered at a banquet of the Indiana Club at the McAlpin Hotel, New York City, December 12, 1922.

Duty of a State to enforce the eighteenth Amendment is the title of an argument by Wayne B. Wheeler, Edward B. Dunford and Orville S. Poland. This is an answer to the position taken by the New York that the enforcement of the Volstead act was of no concern to the state individually.

Benjamin F. Stuart and John W. Hanna are authors of a 24 page pamphlet on the History of Burnettsville Schools. The story goes back to 1836 when the first schoolhouse was erected at the place. The chief interest attaches to the normal school founded there in 1858 by Joseph L. Baldwin, who later gained distinction as president of the Kirksville, Mo., Normal.

An Account of Fulton County From Its Organization, edited by HENRY A. BARNHART, Dayton, O., 1923, pp. 305.

This history was edited by Hon. A. Barnhart of Rochester, Indiana, and ex-congressman from the Thirteenth Indiana district and a life long citizen of Fulton county. He is a man well qualified to edit such a history—a fact well proven after a close examination of the volume.

It contains twelve chapters dealing with the geology and topography of the county, its early settlement, its organization, its transportation, its military life, its educational record, manufacturing and commerce, its physicians and public health, church and welfare work, a history of Akron and Henry town-

ship, written by Mrs. Ina Brundredge, a very capable lady and a life long citizen of the township, and a portion of the book is devoted to biographical history of some of the prominent persons in the county.

The history contains neither an index or a preface. Many books are being written however in these days without prefaces, but an index to a book is very essential and should be included even in the face of additional cost.

This county history has done and will do all that a history of this type is supposed to do; namely, give local citizens, who so desire, a chance to give the history of themselves and families to the public in written form, and to preserve the record of the history of the county, as well as to stimulate an interest therein by the residents and citizens of this political unit.

It contains a photograph of the editor on a front page and a plate between pages forty-eight and forty-nine showing the county courthouse and a memorial tablet made in honor of the Fulton County Sons who gave their lives in the World War. The book is neatly bound in blue buckram and is of the same style both internally and externally as is the History of Indiana, of which it forms Volume III. The Fulton County History is made to sell in a set with this particular History of Indiana.

C. L. Kuhn

History of Vigo County From Its Organization, by WILLIAM F. CRONIN, Dayton, O., 1922, pp. 496.

The actual settlement of Terre Haute and so the local history of the county begins in 1816, the same year as the admission of the state. However the locality had been the scene of an Indian battle in earlier days and nearby is the site of Fort Harrison one of the most historic spots in territorial Indiana. The editor, Mr. Cronin, has been in the newspaper business at Terre Haute for 20 years and is well acquainted with its history. The volume is fully up to standard. The author has corrected some errors in earlier histories and brought the account down to the present. There are 335 pages of biographies. These as a rule constitute the most valuable part of a county history and make such histories worth while from the public standpoint.